September 24, 2014

To: Dr. Hassan Rouhani
President of the Islamic Republic of Iran
Tehran

CC: Ayatollah Ali Hosseini Khamenei, Supreme Leader; Ayatollah Sadegh Larijani, Head of the Judiciary; Mohammad Javad Zarif, Minister of Foreign Affairs

Your Excellency,

We write to you as representatives of human rights and civil society groups that seek the protection and promotion of human rights in Iran to urge the government of the Islamic Republic of Iran to take steps to open, full, and effective cooperation with the United Nations Special Procedures, including the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran.

In particular, we urge you to re-affirm the standing invitation to visit Iran that the Iranian authorities issued to the UN’s Special Procedures in 2002 and to promptly give effect to that invitation by allowing and facilitating visits to Iran by relevant UN special rapporteurs, with priority given to the country mandate. We consider that your government has much to gain from meaningful engagement with the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran. Your government can likewise benefit from engaging with other independent experts that the UN has mandated to examine human rights practices in states around the world. UN Special Procedures can advise governments on measures needed to strengthen legal and other safeguards in order to comply with their obligations under international human rights treaties.

Country visits are an essential means for independent experts to directly observe the human rights situation in any state and to facilitate dialogue with all relevant state authorities. Such visits are an opportunity for the government and all relevant domestic authorities, including key ministries and the judiciary, to engage in dialogue directly with the independent experts appointed by the Human Rights Council. The visits provide opportunities to obtain their views and recommendations regarding measures needed to address abuses and to improve compliance with international law. It is imperative, of course, that these independent experts are allowed open access to visit such locations and hold such
meetings as they consider necessary to fulfill their specific mandates. This allows them to assist the government of the Islamic Republic in meeting its human rights obligations.

Despite the standing invitation that Iran issued to all Special Procedures in 2002, we note that the Iranian authorities have not permitted any special procedure to visit Iran since 2005. That is now almost a decade ago. We note too that the Iranian government committed to cooperate with the Special Procedures during the Universal Periodic Review process in 2009 and 2010. The Iranian government has not subsequently honored that commitment. During its dialogue with the Human Rights Council in 2012 and its subsequent interactive dialogue with the UN General Assembly the government of Iran said that it would invite two thematic procedures to visit Iran. No such visits have yet taken place.

As you will be aware, the international community has repeatedly expressed its concern about the human rights situation in Iran. This includes the high rates of arbitrary detention and executions, discrimination against women and minorities, and undue restrictions on expression, the press, and association. In this context, the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran fulfills a unique role documenting allegations that relate to broad and diverse categories of human rights. There is an important role for all Special Procedures both to investigate and assess these matters first hand and to advise the Iranian authorities on legal, policy and other reforms necessary to safeguard human rights and remedy abuses. Yet, seven requests for visits to Iran that Special Procedures have made to the Iranian authorities remain outstanding since 2005. This includes requests submitted by the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran; the Working Group on Enforced or Involuntary Disappearances; the Special Rapporteur on Extrajudicial, Summary or Arbitrary Executions; the Special Rapporteur on the Right to Food; the Independent Expert on Minority Issues; the Special Rapporteur on the Independence of Judges and Lawyers; and the Special Rapporteur on Freedom of Religion or Belief.

Iran’s failure to permit and facilitate such visits undermines Iran’s responsibility to cooperate with the UN human rights mechanisms. This violates its treaty obligations and casts a shadow over statements that you and members of your government have made since you assumed office in 2013 expressing a desire to improve human rights conditions in Iran. If the Iranian government is serious in that intention, it should immediately stop discrediting the work of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran, and approve the requests for visits by Special Procedures that are still outstanding. It should move quickly to agree to arrangements for visits or joint-visits by these Special Procedures and provide all appropriate facilitation.

Mr. President, scheduling and organizing early country visits for the country rapporteur and one or more of these independent experts would provide a clear signal to the international community that Iran, under your government, is committed to cooperation and transparency in the protection and promotion of human rights.
Sincerely,

Roya Boroumand, Executive Director  
Abdorrahman Boroumand Foundation

Hassiba Hadj Sahraoui, Deputy Director of Middle East North Africa Programme  
Amnesty International

Thomas Hughes, Executive Director  
ARTICLE 19

Kamran Ashtary, Executive Director  
Arseh Sevom

Alirza Quluncu, Representative  
The Association for Defence of Azerbaijani Political Prisoners in Iran

Taimoor Aliassi, UN Representative  
Association pour les Droits Humains au Kurdistan d'Iran-Genève

Diane Ala'i, Representative to the United Nations  
Bahá’í International Community

Mansoor Bibak, Co-Director  
Balochistan Human Rights Group

Dr. Shirin Ebadi, Founder and President  
Center for Supporters of Human Rights

Joel Simon, Executive Director  
Committee to Protect Journalists

Camila Asano, Foreign Policy and Human Rights Coordinator  
Conectas Direitos Humanos

Ibrahim Al Arabi, Executive Director  
European Ahwazi Human Rights Organisation

Raphaël Chenuil-Hazan, Executive Director  
Ensemble Contre La Peine de Mort

Sarah Leah Whitson, Director of the Middle East and North Africa Division  
Human Rights Watch

Mani Mostofi, Director  
Impact Iran
Hadi Ghaemi, Executive Director
*International Campaign for Human Rights in Iran*

Jessica Stern, Executive Director
*International Gay and Lesbian Human Rights Commission*

Phil Lynch, Director
*International Service for Human Rights*

Mahmood Amiry-Moghaddam, Executive Director
*Iran Human Rights*

Rod Sanjabi, Executive Director
*Iran Human Rights Documentation Center*

Saghi Ghahraman, President
*Iranian Queer Organization (IRQO)*

Mehrangiz Kar, Chairperson
*Siamak Pourzand Foundation*

Mahmood Enayat, Director
*Small Media*

Hassan Nayeb Hashem, Representative to the Human Rights Council in Geneva
*Südwind: All Human Rights for All in Iran*

Firuzeh Mahmoudi, Executive Director
*United for Iran*

Mohammad Mostafaei, Director
*Universal Tolerance Organization*